

# Hadrons

10. 2025

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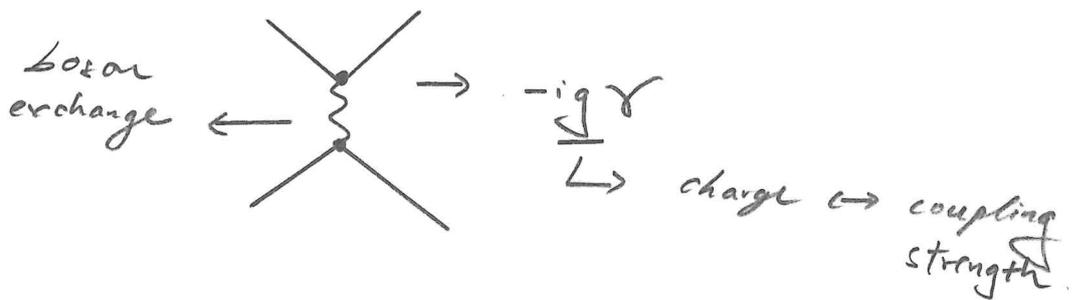
## lecture 1

### 4 force laws

|         |   |         |
|---------|---|---------|
| strong  | $\begin{pmatrix} R \\ G \\ B \end{pmatrix}$   | $SU(3)$ |
| weak    | $\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix} ; \begin{pmatrix} e^- \\ \nu_e \end{pmatrix}$ | $SU(2)$ |
| E & M   | $e^-$   | $U(1)$  |
| gravity | ?   |         |

→ conservation law

Gauge Theory → gauge symmetry, gauge charge, gauge bosons

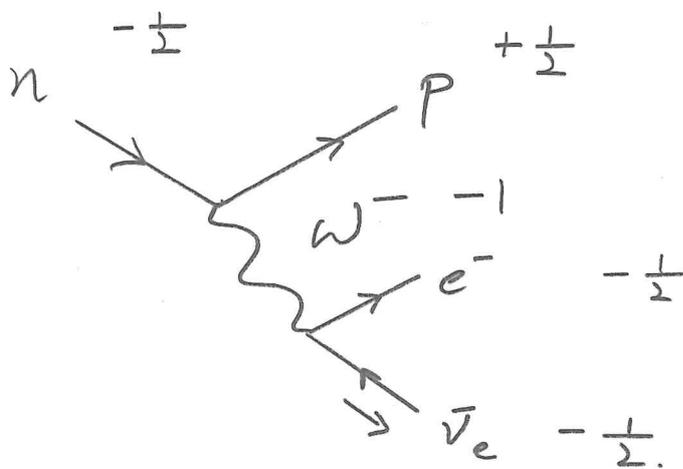
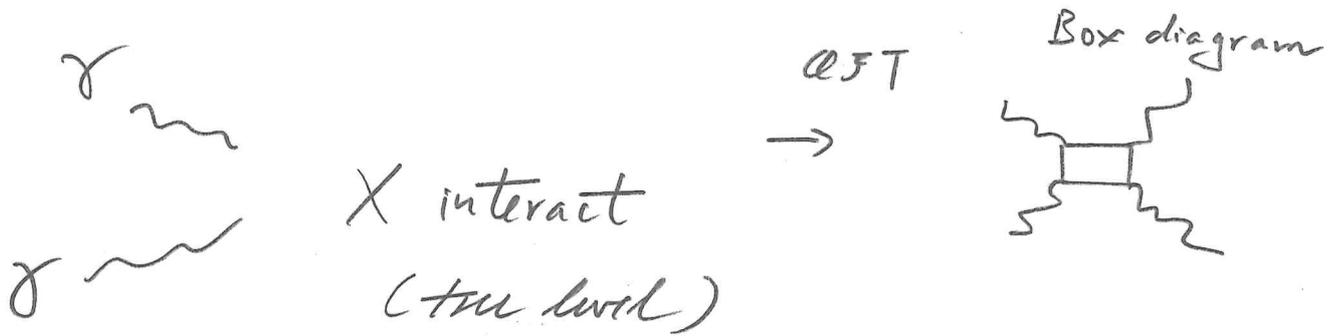


$$\mathcal{L} = \bar{\psi} (i\partial - m)\psi - g \bar{\psi} A \psi - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}$$

Group theory  $\rightarrow$  dim. of fundamental repr.  $\nearrow$   $N_c$  column vec.  
 $\searrow$  adjoint repr.  
 $N_c^2 - 1$   
 $N_c \times N_c$  matrices.

charge  $\leftrightarrow$  interaction.

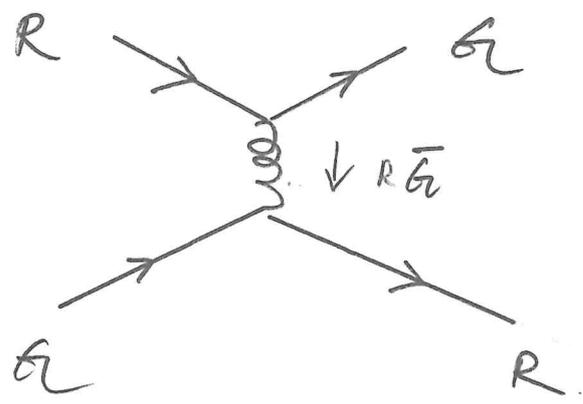
$\gamma$  is chargeless.



$W^-$  has isospin charge  $-1$

What about the gluons?

Glucos  $R\bar{G}$



abelian

vs

non-abelian

$U(1)$

$U(1)$   
?

$U(1)$

$U(1)$

$R\bar{G}$



$B\bar{R}$



World Domination

DOFS

Quarks & gluons

$\pi$ 's

N

$\pi, \sigma, \omega$

A, Z

$\alpha, \beta, \gamma$

hadrons +

stat. mech.

Quarks + stat. mech.

Monte Carlo  
Sign problem  
Pure Gauge

→ Spectroscopy ~  
→ LQCD → FTQCD

Continuum  
Transition  
functional

QCD → Schwinger Dyson Eqs. ~

→ pQCD ~ asymptotic freedom.  
resummation.

NR nry.

$\chi$ pt EFTs (non)linear  $\sigma$  model  
LECs sym.

$V_{NN}$  pot. model Walecka model

Schrodinger eq.  $\tau, \delta, \omega, \rho, \eta, \dots$   
scattering theory

Atomic Nucleus

Briicker HF GEs.  
Liquid Drop Model  
Shell Model

Nuclear Matter

Walecka den. functional  
HRG Fermi gas.

Quark Matter

NIL  
Functional approach.

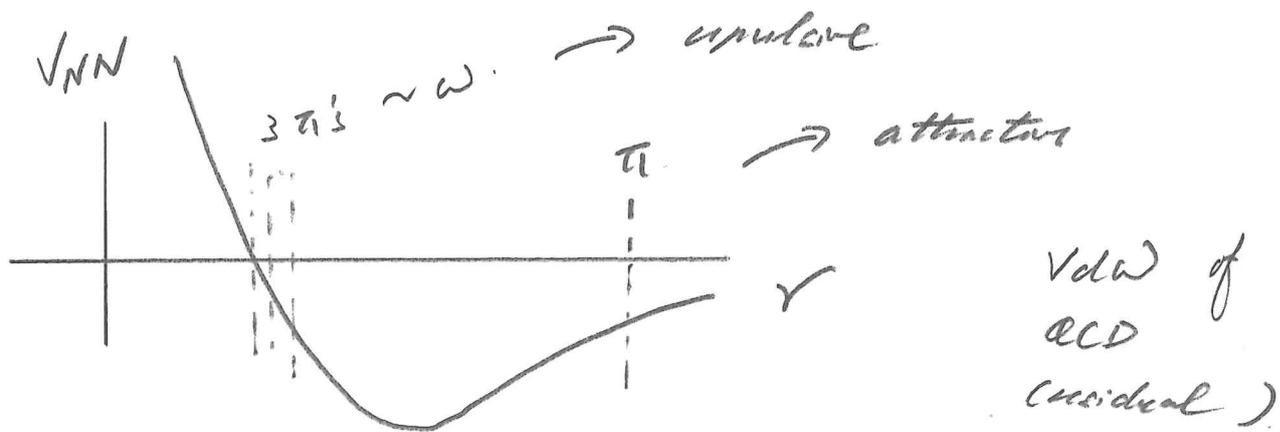
Astrophysics.

NS PNS  
GRs

Universe life time

EOS composition.





how to understand short range repulsion in nuclear force?

Why  $\omega \rightarrow \text{repulsive}$ ?

$\pi \sim 0 \rightarrow \text{attractive}$ ?

SCSB

$u u d$

$M_p \sim 938 \text{ MeV}$

$m_u, m_d \sim \text{few MeV}$

(Higgs)

how do we know?

$u d$

$m_a \sim 140 \text{ MeV}$

what if  $m_{u,d} \rightarrow 0$ .

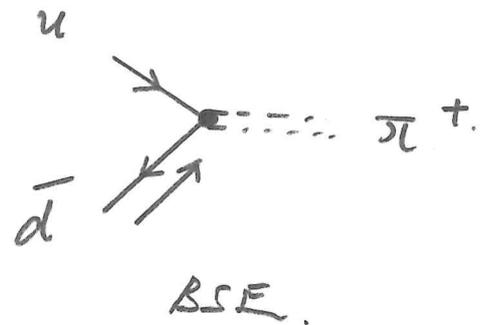
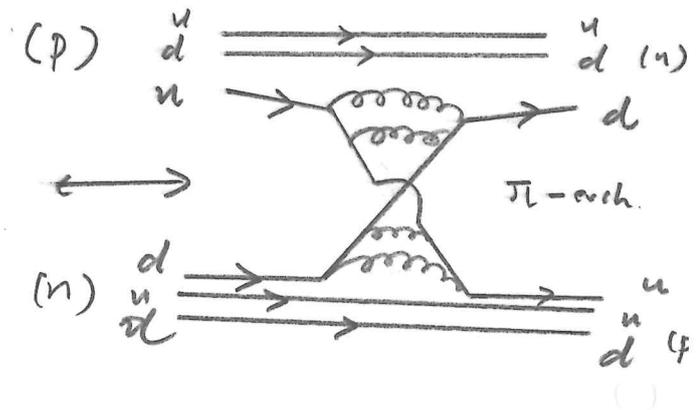
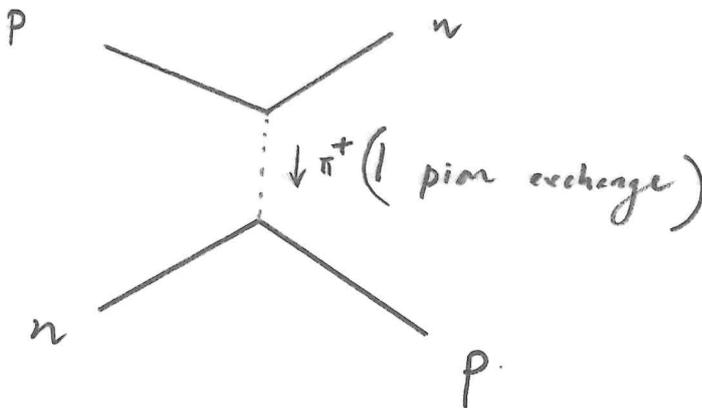
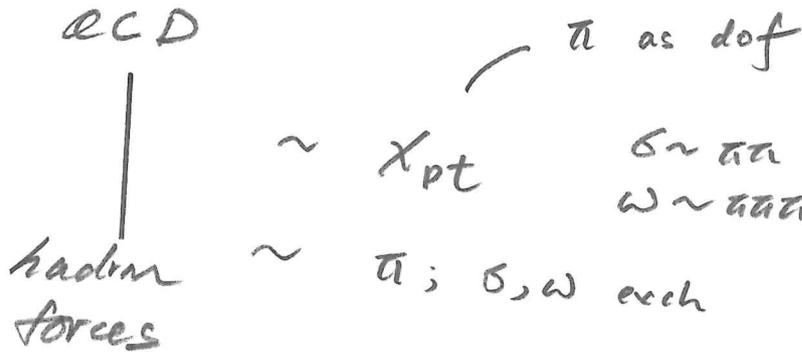
$M_p \rightarrow ?$

$m_a \rightarrow ?$

macroscopic ; phenomenologies

eff. theories : how to build things up ?

microscopic ; fundamental



how to generate a Bound state is a hard physics problem.

see P. Hoyle.